

Enhancement of Image Quality during Integration of Wavelet and Huffman Compression Mechanism

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Abstract: The integration of Huffman and wavelet mechanism has been proposed in the research work. These two compression mechanism have been used in order to increase the compression ratio and decrease the image size. The content has been compressed as dual layer. At first layer the content is compression using Huffman and at second layer contents has been compressed using wavelet mechanism. There have been two performance parameters that have been considered to calculate performance of graphical content compression algorithm. One is Peak Signal to Noise Ratio & second is Mean square error. In the research work, a chart has been proposed which represented the comparison between traditional wavelet based and Huffman based image compression with proposed algorithm considering file size and its PSNR value after decompression. The proposed work has been supposed to provide better compression ratio and PSNR value.

Keywords: Image Compression, Huffman, Wavelet Mechanism, PSNR, Mean square error

[1] INTRODUCTION

The procedure performed to reduce size of graphical contents is known as graphical contents compression. There are two mechanisms to compress image. One is lossy mechanism where quality of graphical contents is degraded. The second mechanism is lossless where quality graphical contents are retained even after graphical contents size reduction.

The graphical contents compression in case of jpeg is represented below. Here step by step jpeg compression & jpeg decompression has been represented. The raw graphical contents data is sent for subsampling after color space conversion. Then DCT is applied to quantize data.

Image compression is known as one sort data compression. It has been used on digital graphic. It has been done in order to decrease cost paid to store such graphical content & transmission. The Algorithms are used with visual conception & statistical properties of graphics. Such are used in order to offer superior results. Image compression is capable to minimize size in bytes of a graphics file. In this process there is not any chance of decrement in quality of graphical contents. If there would be graphic content in sort size, user could store a lot of data in available size of disk & memory space. There would be decrement in transmission of such compressed data via Internet. It reduces downloaded time from Web pages.

[2] IMAGE COMPRESSION USING HUFFMAN CODING

Huffman coding is one of basic compression methods that have proven useful in graphical contents & video compression standards. When applying Huffman encoding technique on an Image, source symbols could be either pixel intensities of Image, or output of an intensity mapping function.

Prerequisites: Huffman Coding | File Handling

The first step of Huffman coding technique is to reduce input graphical contents to ordered histogram, where probability of occurrence of a certain pixel intensity value is as

$$\text{prob_pixel} = \text{numpix} / \text{totalnum}$$

[3] OBJECTIVE

The objective of the research work has been presented here such as

1. The proposed work is supposed to study Huffman based compression mechanism along with its limitation.
2. This research would focus on wavelet based image compression. This compression technique would be integrated. The objective of integration is to increase compression ratio in proposed work.
3. Research would compress content two layers. At first layer image is supposed to be compressed with help of Huffman. While at second layer image would be compressed with help of wavelet mechanism. Similarly image is supposed to be decompressed by wavelet mechanism. Afterward it would be decompressed with support of Huffman decompression.
4. Final image is supposed to be adjusted to increase its PSNR value. This would assure image quality.

[4] WAVELETS IMAGE PROCESSING

A wavelet is a wave-like oscillation with amplitude. It starts at zero, increases. After that it decreases back to zero. It has been basically visualized as a "brief oscillation" as one recorded. It has been done by a seismograph / heart monitor. Basically, wavelets are intentionally crafted to have specific properties. Such make them beneficial for signal processing. With the use of a "reverse, shift, multiply & integrate" technique called convolution, wavelets could be combined with known portions of a damaged signal to extract information from unknown portions.

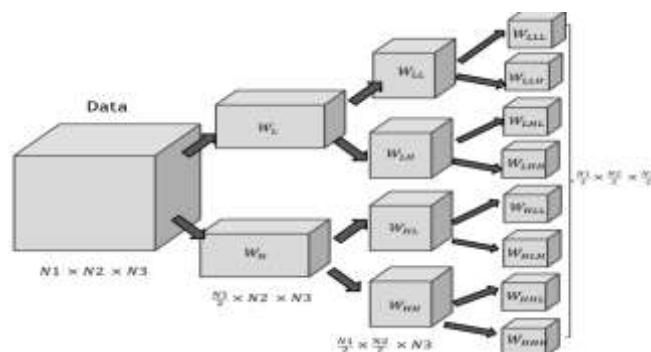


Fig1 Wavelets Image Processing

[5] RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Here in this chapter the updated Huffman algorithm to compression an image has been performed. Here jpeg image has been taken and matlab script has been applied on it.



Fig 2 Original image for compression

Original File before applying compression algorithm

To view the size of actual image right clicks on image and view properties.

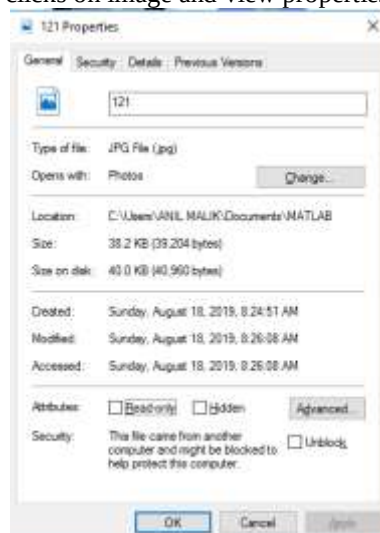


Fig 3 Size of original File

5.2 RUNNING SCRIPT

Before running script following points must be considered.

1. The Code and image must be placed in common folder.
2. The Compressed image would stored in that folder
3. The decompress image would stored in that folder.

In order to run the script user have to type following command.

5.2.1 Huffman based compression



Fig 4 Huffman based compress and decompress image

Size of File after applying compression algorithm

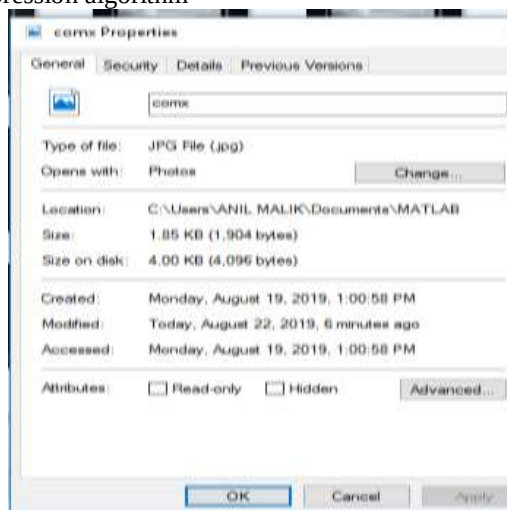


Fig 5 Size of File after applying compression algorithm

Size of File after decompression of image

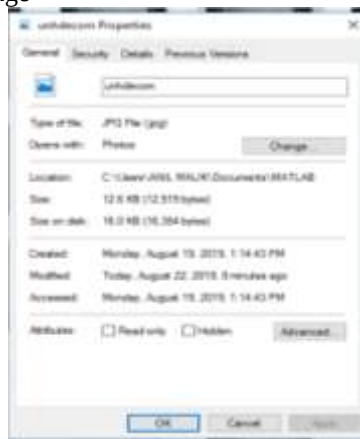


Fig 6 Size of File after decompression of image

5.2.2 Wavelet based compression decompression

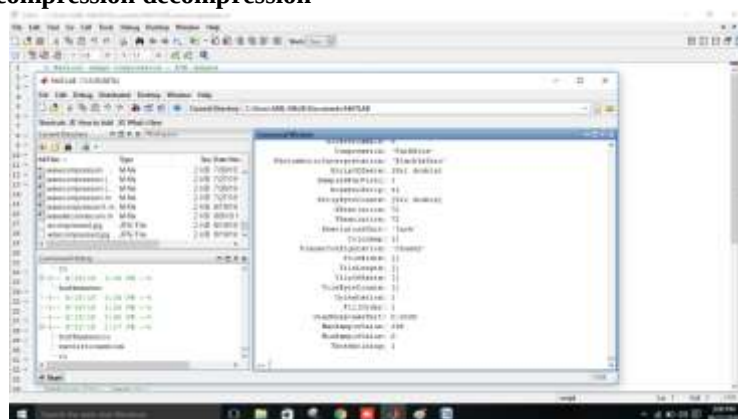


Fig 7 File compression using Wavelet

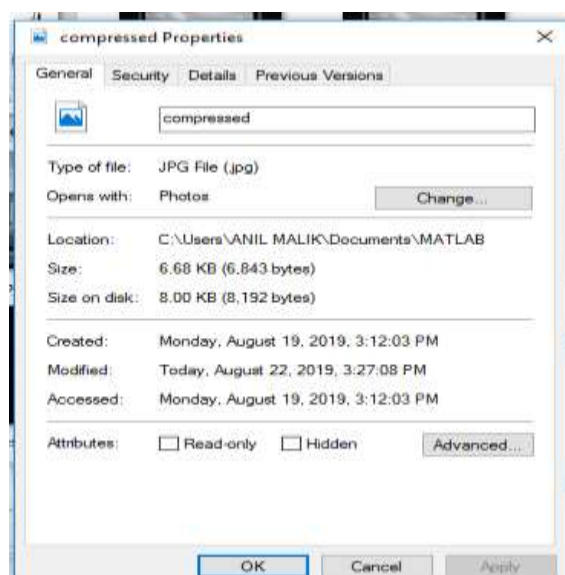


Fig 8 Size of file after compression using Wavlet mechanism

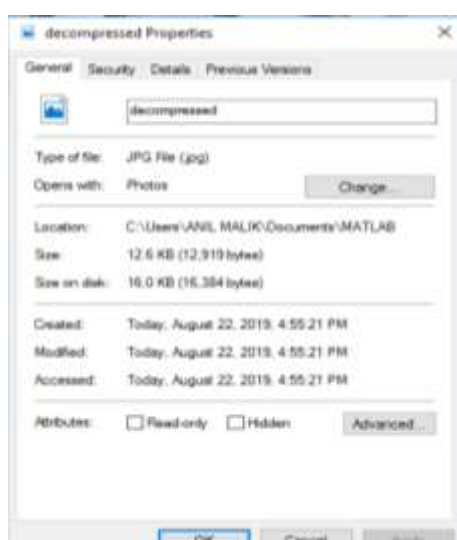


Fig 9 Size of File after decompression using Wavlet mechanism

new Properties

General Security Details Previous Versions

 new

Type of file: JPG File (.jpg)

Opens with: Photos Change...

Location: C:\Users\ANIL MALIK\Documents\MATLAB

Size: 11.7 KB (12,006 bytes)

Size on disk: 12.0 KB (12,288 bytes)

Created: Monday, August 19, 2019, 12:10:59 PM

Modified: Today, August 22, 2019, 4 minutes ago

Accessed: Monday, August 19, 2019, 12:10:59 PM

Attributes: ☐ Read-only ☐ Hidden Advanced...

OK Cancel Apply

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5.3 PSNR CALCULATION

Result After Checking PsnrOf Compressed Image

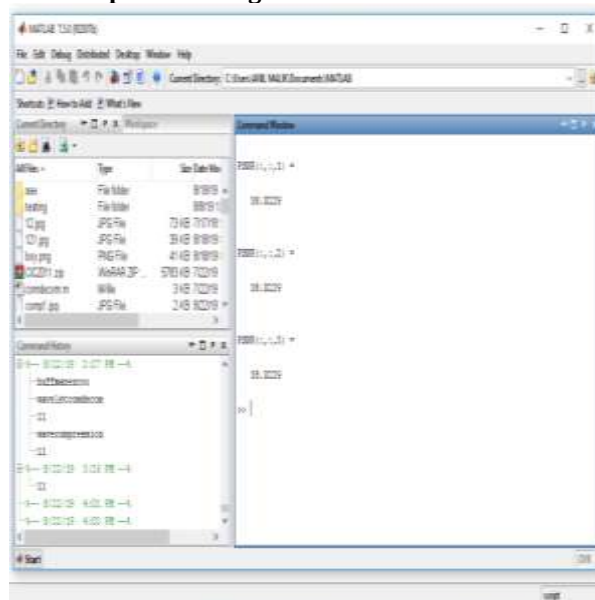


Fig 13 Histogram of decoded image

5.4 PSNR CALCULATION OF DECODED IMAGE

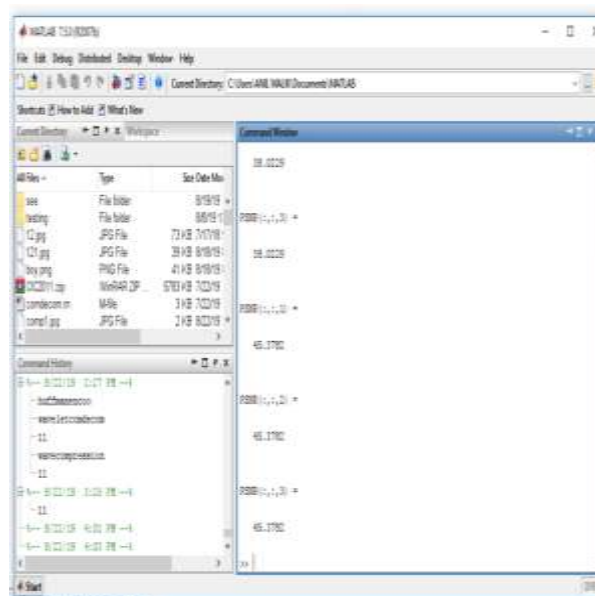


Fig 14 PSNR of Decoded Image

PSNR is generally used to check quality of reconstruction of lossy & lossless compression. Signal in this case is original data & noise is error introduced by compression. At the time of comparing compression codecs PSNR is considered an *approximation* to human perception of reconstruction quality. Higher PSNR usually represents that reconstruction is of higher quality and in many cases it could be not. PSNR is most easily defined through mean squared error.

5.5 MATRIX CHART TO COMPARE THE TRADITIONAL AND PROPOSED WORK

The following chart has represented the comparison between traditional wavelet based and Huffman based image compression with proposed algorithm considering file size after decompression as well as its PSNR value. Moreover the compression time and decompression time in all cases have been discussed here.

Table:1 Matrix chart to compare the traditional and proposed work

	Original File	wavelet CODE	Huffman	PROPOSED ALGO
Original file size	38.2	38.2	38.2	38.2
File name (After compression)	121.jpg	compress d.jpg	comx.jpg	wdecompressed.jpg
File size (compressed)	NA	6.68	1.85	1.12
File size (Decompressed)	NA	12.6	12.6	11.7
Psnr 1		inf	38.022	45.37
Compression ratio	NA	43.54		
Compression time	NA		12.29	12.55
Decompression time	NA		121.87	129.40

[6] CONCLUSION

At all, it has been concluded that in proposed work, the graphical contents have been compressed using Huffman compression module. Then compression of content has been made with the use of wavelet compression techniques. The wavelet decompression is performed afterward. Then content decompressed is transferred to Huffman decompression module. Final image is restored. The result image produced has better quality as compare to traditional compression techniques. The wavelet based image compression has been integrated in order to increase the compression ratio in proposed work. The content has been compressed as dual layer. At first layer the compression of content has been made using Huffman and at second layer contents has been compressed using wavelet mechanism. In same way the contents have been decompressed by wavelet mechanism. After that it has been decompressed with the use of Huffman decompression. At final step the decompressed image has been processed in order to increase its PSNR value to assure better quality.

[7] FUTURE SCOPE

This research would focus on wavelet based image compression. This compression technique would be integrated. The objective of integration is to increase compression ratio in proposed work. The proposed work is supposed to study Huffman based compression mechanism along with its limitation. Research would compress content two layers. At first layer image is supposed to be compressed with help of Huffman. While at second layer image would be compressed with help of wavelet mechanism. Similarly image is supposed to be decompressed by wavelet mechanism. Afterward it would be decompressed with support of Huffman decompression. Final image is supposed to be adjusted to increase its PSNR value. This would assure image quality.

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